## VIDYA BHAWAN BALIKA VIDYAPITH SHAKTI UTTHAN ASHRAM LAKHISARAI

CLASS Xth SUBJECT GEOGRAPHY DATE 10.8.2021.

## **Ch:Resource and Development**

1.	Which one of the following type of resource is iron ore?	(Textbook)
10	) Panawahla	

- (a) Renewable
- (b) Biotic
- (c) Flow
- (d) Non-renewable

Answer: d

- 2. Under which of the following type of resource can tidal energy be put? (Textbook)
- (a) Replenishable
- (b) Human-made
- (c) Abiotic
- (d) Non-renewable

#### **Answer**

- 3. Which one of the following is the main cause of land degradation in Punjab? (Textbook)
- (a) Intensive cultivation
- (b) Deforestation
- (c) Over-irrigation
- (d) Overgrazing

#### **Answer**

Answer: c

- 4. In which one of the following States is terrace cultivation practised? (Textbook)
- (a) Punjab
- (b) Plains of Uttar Pradesh
- (c) Haryana
- (d) Uttaranchal

Answer
Answer: d
<ul><li>5. In which of the following States is black soil found? (Textbook)</li><li>(a) Jammu &amp; Kashmir</li><li>(b) Gujarat</li><li>(c) Rajasthan</li><li>(d) Jharkhand</li></ul>
Answer
Answer: b
<ul><li>6. What percentage of our land should be under forest according to the National Forest Policy (1952)?</li><li>(a) 33</li><li>(b) 22.5</li><li>(c) 31</li><li>(d) 30</li></ul>
Answer
Answer: a
7. Materials in the environment which have the potential to satisfy human needs but human beings do not have appropriate technology to access them are called:  (a) Potential resource  (b) Stock

- (c) Developed resource
- (d) Reserves

Answer: b

- 8. India's territorial water extends upto a distance of:
- (a) 12 km
- (b) 12 nautical miles
- (c) 19.2 miles
- (d) 200 nautical miles

Answer: b

- 9. Resources that take long geological time for their formation are called:
- (a) Renewable resources
- (b) Reserve
- (c) Community resources
- (d) Non-renewable resources

#### **Answer**

Answer: d

- 10. Area sown more than once in an agricultural year plus net sown area is known as:
- (n) Net sown area
- (b) Forest cover
- (c) Waste land
- (d) Gross cropped area

#### **Answer**

Answer: d

- 11. The total degraded land in our country is:
- (a) 133 million hectares
- (b) 130 million sq. km.
- (c) 140 million hectares
- (d) 130 million hectares

#### **Answer**

Answer: d

- 12. In which of the following States mining has caused severe land degradation?
- (a) Gujarat
- (b) Jharkhand
- (c) Kerala
- (d) Uttaranchal

Answer: b

- 13. The main cause of land degradation in Punjab, Haryana and Western Uttar Pradesh is:
- (a) Mining
- (b) Over irrigation
- (c) Deforestation
- (d) Over grazing

#### **Answer**

Answer: b

- 14. Which is the most common soil of Northern India?
- (a) Black soil
- (b) Laterite soil
- (c) Alluvial soil
- (d) Red soil

#### **Answer**

Answer: c

- 15. Red soil is mostly found in:
- (a) Parts of Jammu & Kashmir
- (b) Upper Ganga Plains
- (c) Eastern and Southern part of Deccan Plateau
- (d) None of the above

#### **Answer**

Answer: c

- 16. Red soil is reddish in colour due to:
- (a) high clay content
- (b) presence of kankar nodules in the subsoil
- (c) diffusion of iron in igneous and metamorphic rocks
- (d) high moisture content

Answer: c

- 17. Which of the following is not important for soil formation?
- (a) Relief
- (b) Parent rock
- (c) Climate
- (d) Duration of day

#### **Answer**

Answer: d

- 18. Black soil is also called:
- (a) Bhangar
- (b) Khadar
- (c) Regur
- (d) Humus

#### **Answer**

Answer: c

- 19. Black soils are common in:
- (a) Deccan trap region
- (b) Kashmir Valley
- (c) Ganga Valley
- (d) Northern Plains

#### **Answer**

Answer: a

- 20. Laterite soil is very useful for growing:
- (a) Rice, wheat and mustard
- (b) Tea, coffee and cashewnut
- (c) Pulses, sugarcane and resin
- (d) None of the above

#### **Answer**

#### Answer: b

- 21. Black soil is deficient in
- (a) Calcium carbonate
- (b) Magnesium
- (c) Potash
- (d) Phosphoric contents

#### **Answer**

Answer: d

- 22. Which of the following soils has self-aeration capacity?
- (a) Alluvial
- (b) Red soil
- (c) Black soil
- (d) Mountain soil

#### **Answer**

Answer: c

- 23. Ploughing along the contour lines to decelerate the flow of water down the slopes is called:
- (a) Strip cropping
- (b) Sheet erosion
- (c) Contour ploughing
- (d) Terrace cultivation

#### **Answer**

Answer: c

- 24. Which of the following is not a measure for soil conservation?
- (a) Strip cropping
- (b) Terrace cultivation
- (c) Shelter belts
- (d) Overdrawing of ground water

#### **Answer**

#### Answer: d

- 25. Land that is left uncultivated for more than five agricultural years is called:
- (a) Pasture land
- (b) Culturable waste land
- (c) Barren land
- (d) Current fallow

#### **Answer**

Answer: b

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## Chapterwise Important Questions with Solutions

## Formulae Handbook for Class 9 and 10

40 Minute: Revision Book

- Factoring Calculator
- Rational Numbers
- CGPA Calculator
- TOP Universities in India
- TOP Engineering Colleges in India
- TOP Pharmacy Colleges in India
- · Coding for Kids
- · Math Riddles for Kids with Answers
- General Knowledge for Kids
- General Knowledge
- · Scholarships for Students
- NSP National Scholarip Portal
- Class 12 Maths NCERT Solutions
- Class 11 Maths NCERT Solutions
- NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Maths
- NCERT Solutions for Class 9 Maths
- NCERT Solutions for Class 8 Maths
- NCERT Solutions for Class 7 Maths
- NCERT Solutions for Class 6 Maths
- NCERT Solutions for Class 6 Science
- NCERT Solutions for Class 7 Science
- NCERT Solutions for Class 8 Science
- NCERT Solutions for Class 9 Science
- NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Science
- NCERT Solutions for Class 11 Physics
- NCERT Solutions for Class 11 Chemistry
- NCERT Solutions for Class 12 Physics
- NCERT Solutions for Class 12 Chemistry
- NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Science Chapter 1
- NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Science Chapter 2

- Metals and Nonmetals Class 10
- carbon and its compounds class 10
- Periodic Classification of Elements Class 10
- Life Process Class 10
- NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Science Chapter 7
- NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Science Chapter 8
- NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Science Chapter 9
- NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Science Chapter 10
- NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Science Chapter 11
- NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Science Chapter 12
- NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Science Chapter 13
- NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Science Chapter 14
- NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Science Chapter 15
- NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Science Chapter 16

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